

Penpulimab: Adis Evaluation

Key Points

- A humanised anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody being developed by Akeso Biopharma, in collaboration with Chia Tai Tianqing, for the treatment of several cancers, including Hodgkin's lymphoma, nasopharyngeal cancer and NSCLC
- Received its first approval on 5 August 2021 in China
- Approved for adults with relapsed or refractory classic Hodgkin's lymphoma who have undergone at least second-line chemotherapy therapy

Summary

Penpulimab (安尼可®) is a humanised anti-programmed cell death 1 (PD-1) monoclonal antibody developed by Akeso Biopharma, in collaboration with Chia Tai Tianqing (a subsidiary of SinoBiopharm), for the treatment of various cancers, including Hodgkin's lymphoma, nasopharyngeal cancer, non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and solid tumours.

Penpulimab is an immunoglobulin G1 monoclonal antibody engineered to completely eliminate Fcγ receptor binding and Fc-mediated effector functions that can compromise anti-tumour activity.

In August 2021, penpulimab received its first approval in China for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory classic Hodgkin's lymphoma who have undergone at least second-line chemotherapy. Penpulimab is under regulatory review for nasopharyngeal cancer and NSCLC in China. Clinical studies of penpulimab are underway for various cancers in China and Australia.

This summary represents the opinions of the [author/authors]. For a full list of declarations, including funding and author disclosure statements, please see the full text online. © Springer Nature Switzerland AG 2021.